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Implementation of the Advanced Objective Dvorak Technique (AODT)
Tropical Cyclone Intensity Estimation Algorithm

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Background:

The primary project goal is to implement an objective algorithm for estimating tropical cyclone (TC) intensity from geostationary satellite data developed at UW-CIMSS, into the TPC operational data analysis platform N-AWIPS. The Advanced Objective Dvorak Technique (AODT) was developed primarily at UW-CIMSS on McIDAS, and is a state-of-the-art method designed to objectively estimate TC intensity from IR imagery. In recent years, the TPC has had access to AODT developmental code, and experimentally operated the AODT locally. This project is aimed at 1) implementing the AODT into the fully-operational TPC computing environment, 2) helping to evaluate and maintain the algorithm performance, and 3) providing subsequent updates to the NAWIPS code when new and successful research modifications are demonstrated.

Progress Report and Outlook for Next Reporting Period:

In order for the latest AODT (v6.3) to be integrated within the N-AWIPS architecture in time for the 2004 hurricane season, an ambitious transition schedule would be necessary. To achieve this goal, a meeting between CIMSS scientist/programmers, NOAA/CDB programmers, and NHC scientists was held on 15 and 16 December, 2003 in Washington DC to outline all steps necessary for the objectives to be met with respect to all parties involved. CDB programmers require that the AODT code be modified so that it functions as a library within the NMAP application environment. The December meeting outlined a detailed plan (see appendix) to achieve the coding requirements of the CDB programmers for the AODT algorithm transition. This work will require a fairly significant reorganization of the code in the existing AODT software package (presently being done at CIMSS).

The restructuring of the current AODT software package will provide the CDB programmers with an AODT library that will more easily allow future AODT upgrades to be integrated within the NMAP application. In addition, new library functions will be introduced to allow for information exchange between the NMAP application and the AODT library. These new functions will remain static in future AODT code releases, which will greatly reduce the work required to integrate new versions as they are released. New AODT library functions

defined in future releases will be thoroughly documented so that they can be easily integrated into the NMAP application.

The first AODT library release was completed on 29 January 2004, with the initial transfer of the code to the CDB programmers also at that time. This release focused on implementing basic AODT non-algorithmic functionality and exchange of AODT control variables between the NMAP GUI application and the AODT library. CDB programmers will now begin integration of the AODT library into the NMAP application and design of the GUI interfaces to obtain control variables from the user.

The second release will focus on defining additional non-algorithmic library functions to handle more specific actions between the AODT library and NMAP application. These actions will include input/output of various data sets, providing information to the user, and algorithm error handling. These actions will require additional NMAP application integration work by the CDB programmers to provide any necessary GUI interfaces to obtain/present information to/from the user. Access to the infrared satellite data within the NMAP application will also need to be defined so that the data can be passed to the AODT library. This release is scheduled for 1 March 2004.

The final release of the AODT library will focus on the execution of the N-AWIPS AODT algorithm. This will include automated storm center determination, user override functionality, final intensity estimate determination, and history file modification. The functions defined within this release are algorithmic in nature and will require extensive testing by the CIMSS and NHC scientists to ensure the results obtained match those obtained with the current CIMSS AODT. Once completed, the final AODT library will be delivered for inclusion within the NMAP application. This release should require minimal work for the CDB programmers since any GUI interfaces required for the final AODT library upgrades should have been completed at this time. Delivery of final AODT library is scheduled for 1 April 2004.

The ultimate target date for the release of the AODT into the N-AWIPS environment for operational use by TPC is June 15 2004. All parties have agreed to frequent teleconferences during this ambitious transition phase.

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Appendix

Plan for the Integration of the AODT Algorithm in N-AWIPS December 19, 2003

This document summarizes the roles and responsibilities for the software integration of the Advanced Objective Dvorak Technique (AODT) into N-AWIPS. The players include the technique developers at the Cooperative Institute for Meteorological Satellite Studies (CIMSS), the N-AWIPS developers in the Computing Development Branch (CDB) at the National Centers for Environmental Prediction (NCEP), and the primary customer, the Tropical Prediction Center (TPC) within NCEP.

The overall objective is to facilitate future AODT enhancements into N–AWIPS for operational use at the TPC. This work is critical to ensure the success of AODT research and development into operations.

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Roles

CIMSS and the CDB will jointly define an application program interface (API). This interface will allow any high-level application to execute the AODT algorithm as well as perform various AODT history file management. A technical meeting between the two groups took place on 15 and 16 December 2003 at NCEP where the initial API was developed. The API involves the creation of a set of “callable” interface routines and is described more fully in the section titled “Technical Approach”.

The role of CIMSS will be to re-organize the current AODT software (version 6.3) into the API form. CIMSS will undertake this effort immediately and provide periodic informal software deliveries to the CDB for testing and evaluation.

Concurrent with the CIMSS effort, the CDB will prepare the N–AWIPS NMAP application for the new AODT library integration. This work will involve (in conjunction with the TPC) the design and implementation of a graphical user interface that will allow TPC forecasters and specialists to perform the AODT analysis. The CDB will also consult with the CIMSS developer whenever necessary in order to expedite the AODT library development.

The role of the TPC will be to develop a plan for the testing of the NMAP implementation of the AODT to ensure that the software reorganization and integration has been performed correctly. This will involve the comparison of NMAP results with the current McIDAS AODT implementation.

The completed AODT library, including the source code, will become part of N–AWIPS distributions to the NCEP Service Centers and shall be freely distributed as part of N–AWIPS.

Proposed Tasks and Completion Dates

The work described above will be undertaken as follows:

- Present - AODT version 6.3 software reorganization begins; NMAP GUI (approved by TPC) development begins.
- 01 Feb 04 - Preliminary AODT library delivery to CDB containing all information exchange functions and history file functions within a unit testing module

- 15 Feb 04 - NMAP GUI skeleton complete with stub calls to the appropriate AODT library functions (delivered in N-AWIPS release v5.7.2).
- 15 Mar 04 - Intermediate AODT library delivery containing all remaining AODT functions
- 1 Apr 04 - Final AODT library delivery to CDB w/ all functions and complete unit testing module.
- 15 Apr 04 - NMAP integration complete; NMAP testing by CDB begins; sample NMAP executable sent to TPC for non-operational testing and evaluation.
- 15 May 04 - NMAP AODT testing and evaluation by CDB and TPC complete.
- 15 June 04 - AODT delivered in release v5.7.3.

Fallback Position

If, for whatever reason, the integration of the AODT v6.3 algorithm cannot be completed by N-AWIPS release v5.7.2, TPC operations will continue to run the N-AWIPS implementation of ODT version 5.3. This implementation is a stand-alone program commonly known as 'nodt' and is currently available to TPC forecasters via a script interface.

Technical Approach

The following sections (Interface, Error Handling and Information Hiding) define a preliminary specification of the services and functionality of the ODT library. All functions will be written in the C programming language, be thoroughly documented, and undergo unit testing (an example of which will be provided by CDB, see below).

· Interface (part 1) - AODT library interface with a brief description:

Public library functions - information exchange:

```

odt_sethistory ( filename, &iret );           - set history file name & load in mem
odt_gethistory ( filename, &iret );         - get history file name
odt_setdates ( d1, t1, d2, t2, &iret );    - set date information
odt_getdates ( d1, t1, d2, t2, &iret );    - get date information
odt_setoptions ( dom, ic, land, srch, &iret ); - set options
odt_getoptions ( dom, ic, land, srch, &iret ); - get options
odt_setscene ( scenetype, &iret );        - set scene type
odt_getscene ( scenetype, &iret );        - get scene type
odt_setlocation ( lat, lon, &iret );      - set location lat,lon
odt_getlocation ( lat, lon, &iret );      - get location lat,lon
odt_setpaths ( topo, hist, auto, outp, &iret ); - set directory paths
odt_getpaths ( topo, hist, auto, outp, &iret ); - get directory paths
odt_setsst ( filename, &iret );          - set SST BUFR file name
odt_getsst ( filename, &iret );          - get SST BUFR file name
odt_getversion ( &version, &iret );      - get ODT version as string

```

Public library functions - actions:

```

odt_loadIR ( temps, lats, lons, idim, jdlim, &iret ); - load IR image information
odt_getnexthist ( &hist_struct, &iret ); - retrieve next history record
odt_listfmt ( hist_struct, &string, &iret ); - format hist struct as listing
odt_bullfmt ( hist_struct, &string, &iret ); - format hist struct as bulletin
odt_delete ( &iret ); - delete records within specified history file bounded by dates
odt_writehist ( &iret ); - save latest computed results to history

                                file
odt_autolocation ( &lat, &lon, &iret ); - compute storm center automatically
odt_getresults ( &string, &iret ); - get latest results in string format
odt_part1 ( &iret ); - execute ODT algorithm, part 1
odt_part2 ( &iret ); - execute ODT algorithm, part 2

```

```
odt_getmessages ( &string, &iret );           - retrieve diagnostic messages from latest ODT run
odt_qerror ( error_num, &string, &iret );     - convert numeric error code to string
```

Exchange structure:

A C language structure will be defined by CIMSS to be used by an APPL to facilitate the exchange of extensive AODT history data. This structure will be defined by the LIB and located in the include file "odt_exch.h". This include file will contain only this structure definition. All other AODT library structures, definitions, etc., must be located in an include file private to the AODT library (see the section "Information Hiding" below).

Test Program:

A library test program shall be written to enable independent unit testing of the above functions. Elimination of the complexities of a high-level application allows for more efficient development and diagnostic testing. A sample of such a library test program is provided by CDB (attached).

- **Error Handling**

- All errors and potential errors must be trapped.
- Trapped errors should set an internal error message.
- Trapped errors must return control to the calling function, not exit.
- The calling application has the responsibility to check the return code(s) and take appropriate action. The library should not make assumptions about what action to take should an error occur.
- Completion codes:
 - Normal completion with no errors or warnings should return zero.
 - Completion with warnings and valid returned data should return a positive number.
 - Completion without valid returned data should return a negative number.

- **Information Hiding**

- If memory is allocated (malloc) it should be released within the same function call.
- No information in the library or include file(s) may be shared with or known by the application code. Examples: array sizes, parameter values, structures, etc.
- The library should not reference environmental variables; for instance, don't use 'getenv' for directory paths, etc. For instance, for directory paths pass in this information via 'odt_setpaths'.

- `.#define` - To avoid any confusion, local definitions and/or modifications to popular functions or parameters should be assigned unique names such as `AODT_PI` or `AODT_SIN` instead of `PI` and `SIN`.
- Text information normally sent to standard output should either be internally accumulated in a virtual file or character string, or directed to a physical file specified by the application (via `odt_sopts`). Several options exist for making the information available to the calling function.