Validation of HWRF forecasts with satellite observations

Project team

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This NOAA Joint Hurricane Testbed project was funded by the US Weather Research Program in NOAA/OAR's Office of Weather and AirQuality

Background

Goals

- ➤ Develop forecast post-processing module for simulating the satellite equivalent observations using HWRF forecasts
- Implement the module in HWRF operational postprocessing environment
- ➤ Develop satellite-data-specific diagnostics for validation of HWRF forecasts
- Project time line
 - September 2011 August 2013

Summary of accomplishments Year 1-first 1/2

 The satellite simulator module, named Hurricane WRF Satellite Simulator (HWSS) has been completed using latest release of CRTM (Community Radiative Transfer Model, version 2.0.5)

- Initial testing of HWSS was performed using retrospective forecast for hurricane Earl in period 08/28 – 09/02, 2010
 - HWRF pre-operational 2012 model version was used with 3-grid configuration at resolution 27/9/3 km.

Hurricane WRF Satellite Simulator

HWRF raw forecast data

Satellite observations level 1B

CRTM coefficients data

HWRF data conversion program

- •Transformation of forecast variables into optical property variables for CRTM, including the conversion to cloud particle properties
- Projection onto sensor viewing geometry

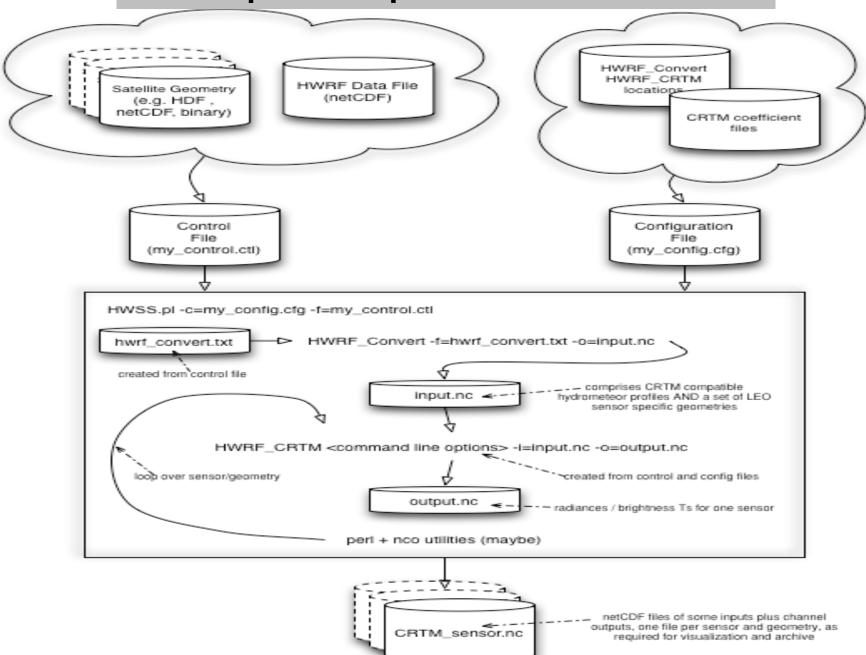
Control file

- Sensor and channel selection
- •Hydrometeor particle conversion options

CRTM

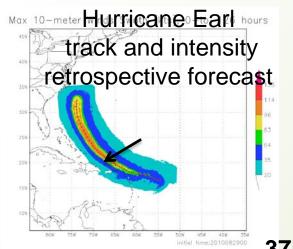
Brightness temperature forecast for multiple sensors and channels

HWSS pearl script control and run chart



Currently supported platforms in HWSS

Platform	Sensor	Bands
GOES-13	Imager	Vis/IR
GOES-13	Sounder	Vis/IR
Aqua	AMSR-E	Microwave
DMSP F-20	SSMIS	Microwave
DMSP F-19	SSMIS	Microwave
DMSP F-18	SSMIS	Microwave
DMSP F-17	SSMIS	Microwave
DMSP F-16	SSMIS	Microwave
DMSP F-15	SSM/I	Microwave
TRMM	TMI	Microwave

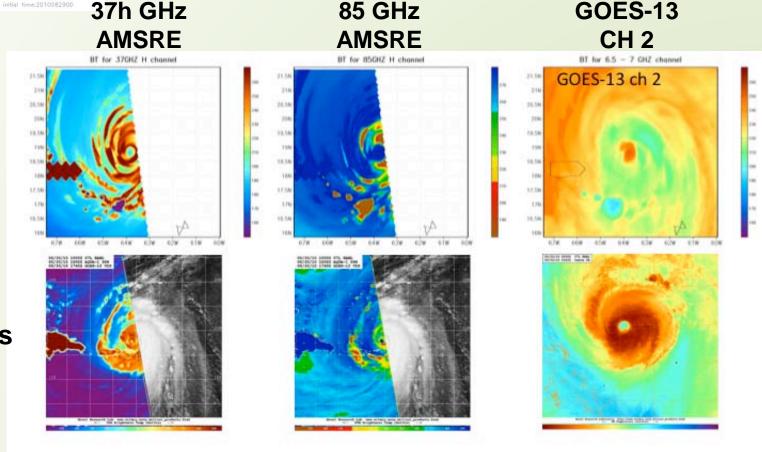


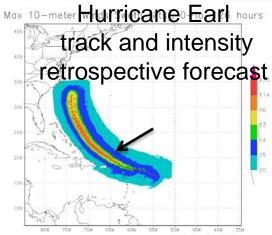
Test results

Comparison to observation images Hydrologic structure



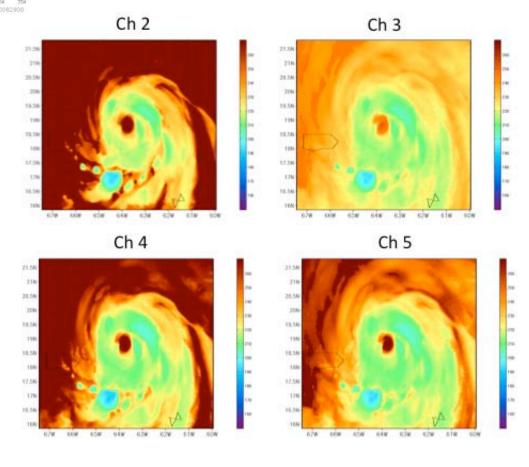
observations



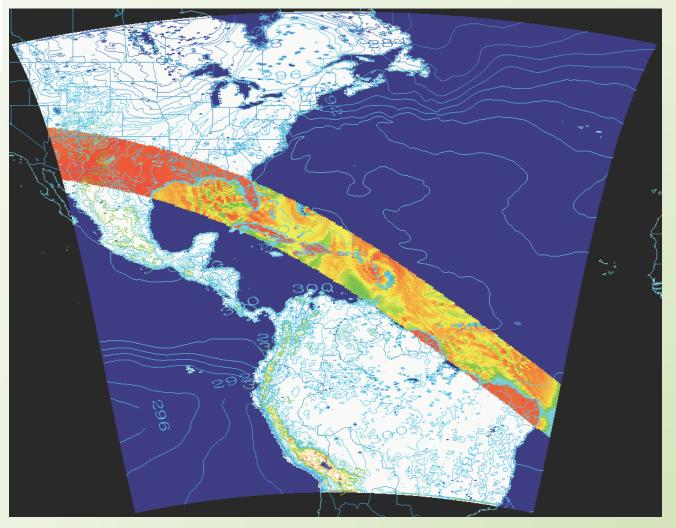


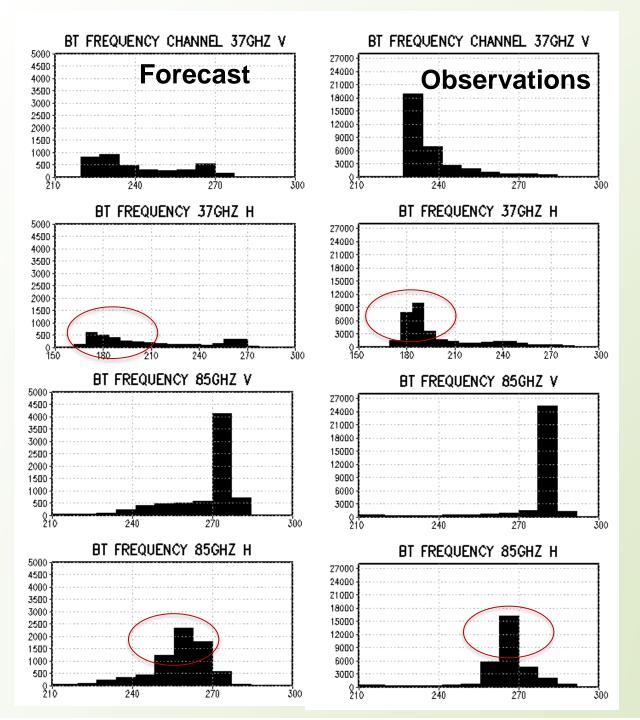
Test results

IR window channels water vapor and cloud distribution



Test results Large scale swath TMI 85 GHz





Test results Bias diagnostic Frequency diagrams

TMI 37 and 85 GHz

Next steps

- > Complete imaging capability for all channels or combination of them using standard color tables
- Complete imaging of observations using HWSS observation input data instead of NRL Tropical web portal
- ➤ Compute FDs and bias and variance diagnostics for 37 and 85 GHz and GOES water vapor for multiple cases
 - Devising the satellite observation data streams into the post-processing is major challenge
- Implement HWSS in HWRF operational postprocessing (on or off-line)
 - Collaboration with EMC/HWRF and NHC